



#### Where does all of it come from?

John R Grizz Deal 20 October 2022 New Water for New Mexico

#### Sources of Unconventional Waters

- 1) Brackish Groundwater
- 2) O& G Produced & Mining
- 3) Muni
- **4)** Power Plants
- 5) Chem & Petrol Refining
- 6) Ag Runoff



## Type of Contaminants in Unconventional Waters

- Solids
- Sulphur
- Metals
- Hydrocarbons
- Other carbons (bugs, etc)
- Radioactive materials
- Scalants
- Dissolved Solids
- Other organic and inorganics

### **Brackish Groundwater**

- Salt between freshwater and seawater
- May contain suspended solids
- Also may contain the "Usual Suspects" of groundwater
  - Suspended Solids
  - Dissolved metals
  - Dissolved hydrocarbons
  - Scalants



#### brine pools 50+ ppt

saline water seawater, salt lakes 30-50 ppt

#### brackish water

estuaries, mangrove swamps, brackish seas and lake, brackish swamps

.5-30 ppt

#### fresh water

ponds, lakes, rivers, streams, aquifers

0-.5 ppt

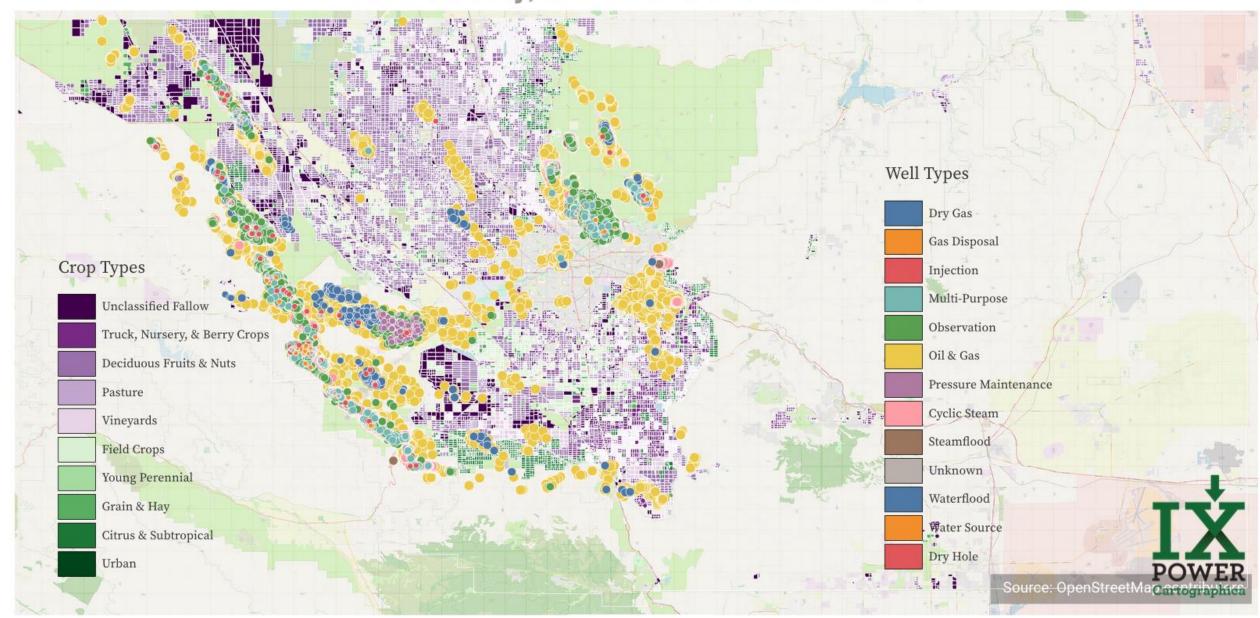
### **O&G Produced Water**

- Every (42 gal) barrel (bbl) also brings up from 1 to 99 or more bbls of water
- TDS from very low to 150K ppm or more
- Groundwater so also contains the Usual Suspects





#### Kern County, CA - Wells and Farm Land



# Mining Runoff

- Surface Seepage
- Runoff
- Production Effluent

- Contains
  - pH issues (acidic)
  - Usual Suspects (solids, dissolved organics, metals)





## Municipal

- Outflow from houses, parks, office buildings, street runoff
- Relatively small concentrations of suspended & dissolved organic & inorganic solids
- "Other Stuff"



### **Steam-Based Power Plants**

- Burn something to make heat; heat creates steam which turns a turbine
- Chemical & thermal wastewater power cycle, ash handling, air pollution control systems, coal piles, yard and floor drainage
- Ideal candidate for minimal liquid discharge & mineral recovery



# **Chem & Petrol Refining**

- Cooling water
- Process water & steam (heavily polluted)
- Stormwater
- Sanitary sewage water
- Contaminants
  - Liquid hydrocarbons, suspended and dissolved solids, mercaptans, phenols, H2S, NH3, cyanides, H2SO4



## **Agricultural Runoff**

- 42% of freshwater withdrawals
- Pollutes lakes, rivers, & beaches
  - Sediment
  - Nutrients
    - Nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium from chemical fertilizers and manure
  - Pathogens
    - Bacteria, viruses (animal waste)
  - Pesticides & Herbicides
  - Metals
  - Salts







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